GOVERNMENT NOTICES • GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWINGS

DEPARTMENT OF CO-OPERATIVE GOVERNANCE

NO. 6870 24 November 2025

DISASTER MANAGEMENT ACT, 2002 (ACT NO. 57 OF 2002)

CLASSIFICATION OF A NATIONAL DISASTER IN TERMS OF SECTION 23 OF THE DISASTER MANAGEMENT ACT (ACT NO. 57 OF 2002): GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE AND FEMICIDE.

I, Dr Elias Sithole, in my capacity as the Head of the National Disaster Management Centre, after having reconsidered previous reports submitted on gender-based violence and femicide and the updated reports and proposals provided by organs of state, and after assessing the potential life safety risk gender-based violence and femicide continue to pose, I hereby give notice that I regard the immediate life safety risk posed by acts of gender-based violence and femicide as a potential disaster and, in terms of section 23(1)(b) of the Disaster Management Act, 2002 (Act No. 57 of 2002), I classify the disaster as a national disaster.

Emanating from the classification, in terms of section 26, read with section 23 of the Act, the primary responsibility to coordinate and manage this national disaster, in terms of existing legislation and contingency arrangements, is designated to the National Executive.

I hereby –

- (i) in terms of Section 15(2)(aA) of the Act, read with section 23(8), call upon organs of state to further strengthen their support to the existing structures to implement their contingency arrangements and to ensure that appropriate measures are put in place to enable the National Executive to effectively deal with the effects of this national disaster; and
- (ii) in terms of section 22(a) of the Act
 - (a) read with section 20(2) of the Act, encourage organs of state, the private sector, communities and individuals to improve their practices of risk avoidance programmes through the implementation of targeted genderbased violence and femicide legislation, standards, procedures and practices;
 - (b) read with section 20(2) of the Act, encourage individuals to refrain from acts of gender-based violence and femicide;
 - (c) read with sections 25(1)(c), 39(1)(c), 39(2)(k), 53(1)(c) and 53(2)(k) of the Act, and other applicable legislation, recommend that the National Executive, the respective Provincial Executives and the respective Municipal Councils, implement a multisectoral prevention, mitigation, relief and rehabilitation plan to deal with the effects of the disaster; and

(d) read with section 21(a)(ii) of the Act, recommend that each organ of state prepares and submits progress reports, in line with the requirements of the National Disaster Management Centre, to monitor the response initiatives by organs of state, non-governmental organisations and communities.

Furthermore, all affected organs of state must prepare and submit reports, as required by the National Disaster Management Centre and as outlined in section 24(4) to (8) of the Act.

The future revocation of the classification of this disaster, together with its preconditions, is set out in the Schedule hereto.

eliassithole Dr Elias Sithole

Head: National Disaster Management Centre

Date: 20/11/2025

Schedule

The National Executive dealt with the	The classification is revoked by the
national disaster in terms of existing	Head: National Disaster Management
legislation and contingency	Centre when the occurrence can no
arrangements without declaring a	longer be regarded as a disaster in
national state of disaster in terms of	terms of the Act upon reassessment by
section 27(1) of the Act.	the NDMC.
The National Executive dealt with the	The classification of a national
national disaster in terms of existing	disaster is automatically revoked when
legislation and contingency	the national state of disaster is
arrangements as augmented by	terminated or lapses in terms of section
regulations and/ or directions following	27(5) of the Act.
the declaration of a national state of	
disaster in terms of section 27(2) of the	
Act.	